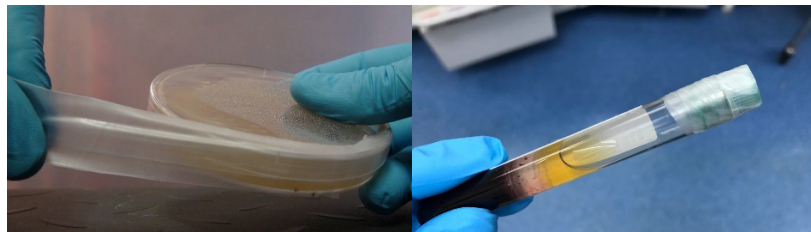


### Inter and Intra-Campus Transport of Biohazards

1) Biological materials and Biohazards (<100ml) being moved between labs or building must transported via the following triple containment procedures:

- A sealed primary container



- How to wrap a plate: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=f47Hq2uiJIs>
- How to wrap a Tube: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=u0AuSUvgXoo>

- A sealed secondary container



- Absorbent material (e.g. paper towel) between the primary and secondary containers sufficient for the volume being transported.
- A biohazard sticker or label with the agent name must be on the secondary containment.

- Utilize plastic whenever possible, avoid glass. If glass primary containers must be used, place containers in a sealed rigid plastic container with absorbent and padding to cushion the vials during transport.
- A sealed tertiary container not made of porous material (e.g. Styrofoam) so that it can be easily disinfected.



- The tertiary container should have a biohazard sticker with the name of the agent and the name and phone number of the PI.
- Absorbent material (e.g. paper towel) between the secondary and tertiary container sufficient for the volume being transported.
- Do not use gloves to handle the tertiary container.
- Care must be taken in the transport of large volumes of liquid culture from the area of cultivate to the area of manipulation. Best practice requires that a cart be used for two or more flasks of volumes over 250mls.
- Cultures removed from BSL-2 facilities and/or equipment may require use of specialized PPE. Refer to your approved IBC protocol for work with registered hazards.