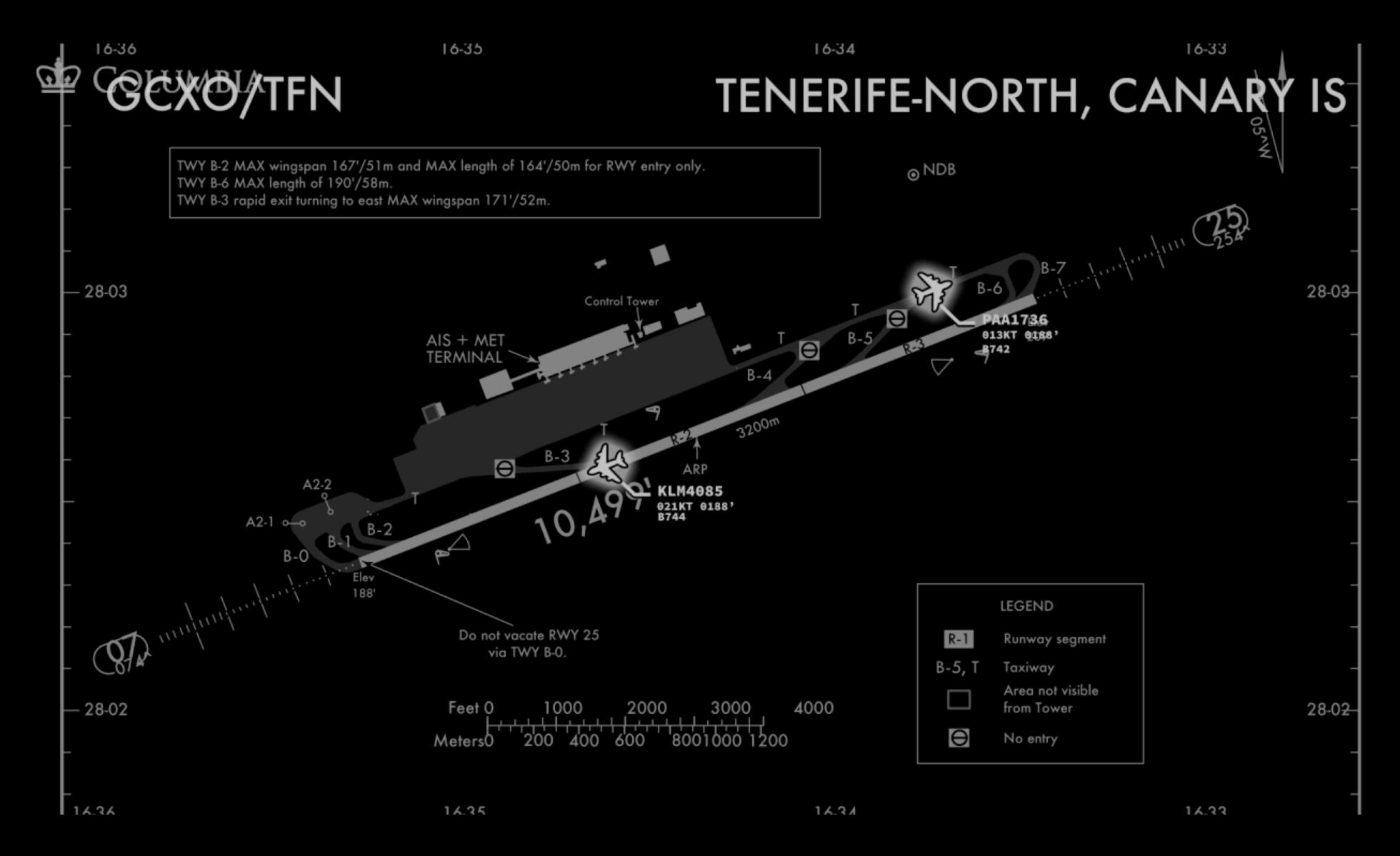
vivek moitra columbia u

#### <teaming and psychological safety>

through the lens of crisis

through the lens of crisis

run time: 20 minutes



crew didn't challenge captain

captain didn't accept input crew wasn't assertive

# GRISIS

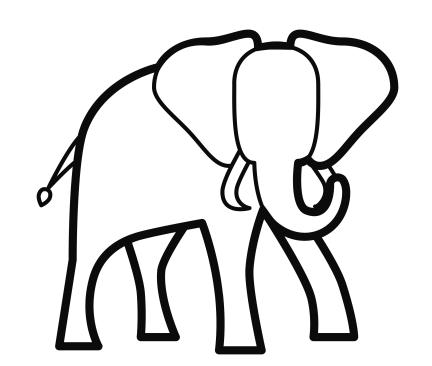
# SHOUTING

#### UNFAMILIAR

## STAKES

# STRESS

#### ELEPHANTS



## CHAOS WE CHAOS

# GRISIS



#### PAND EM G

#### PERFORMANGE

#### NONTECHNICAL

#### NONTECHNICAL

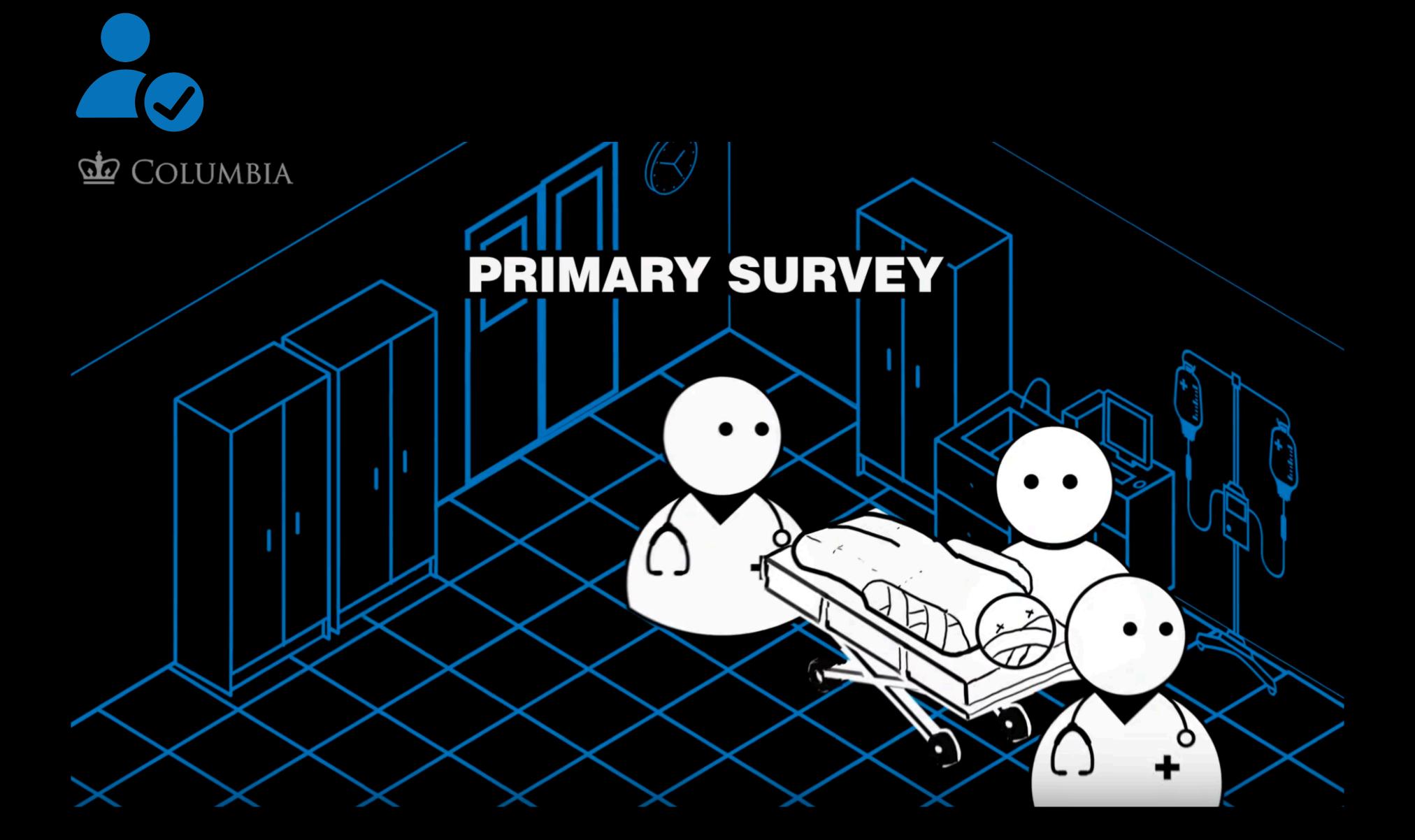
#### TEAMORIA REPORT

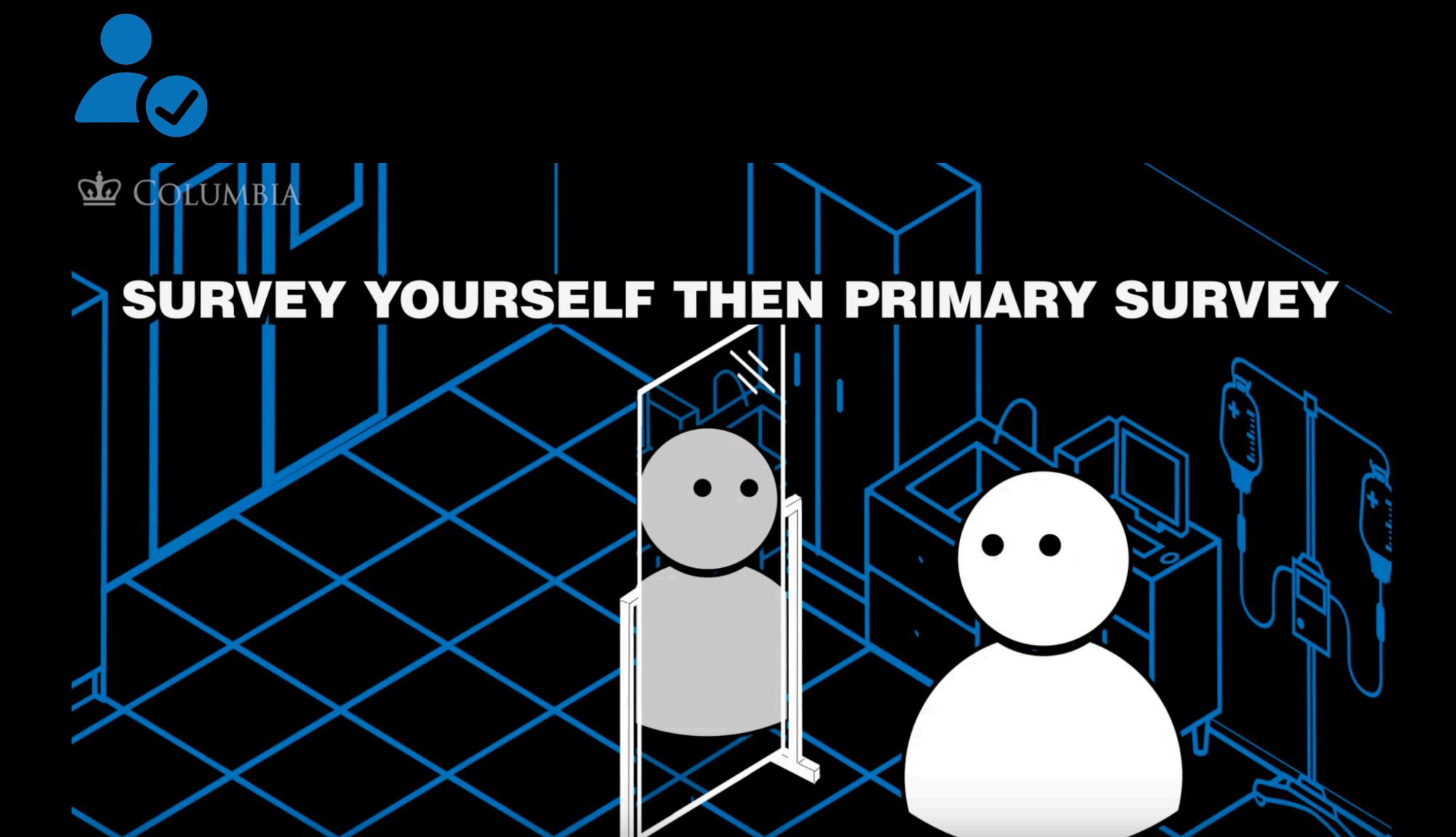
## EOMMUNICATION

#### PREPARATION

What individual factors affect your performance?









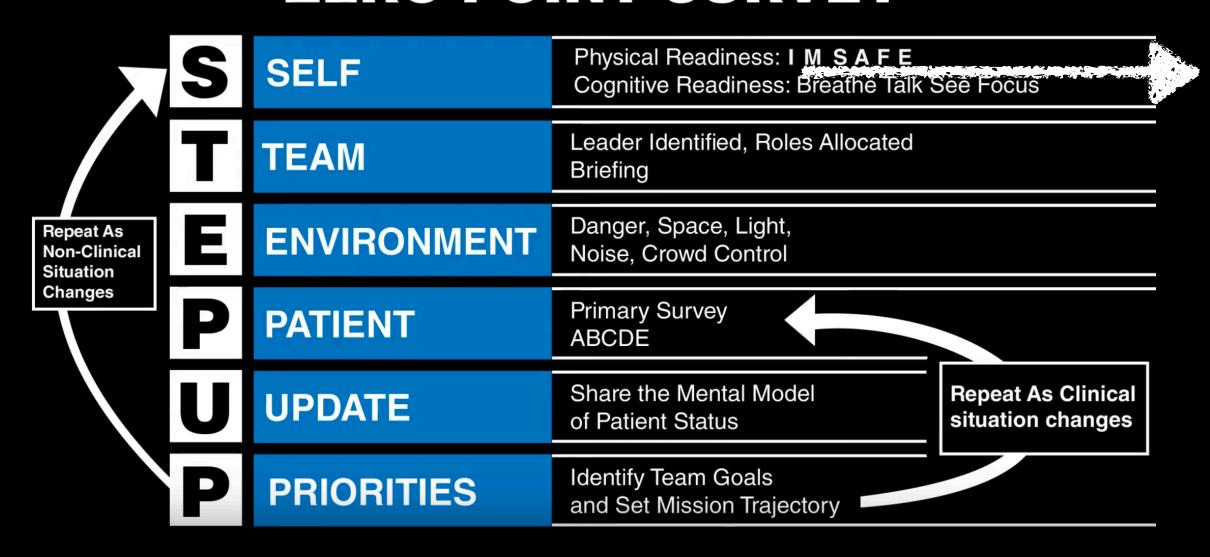
#### ZERO POINT SURVEY

Reid C, Brindles P, Hicks C, et al. Zero point survey: a multidisciplinary idea to STEP UP resuscitation effectiveness. Clin Exp Emerg Med 2018;5(3):139-143
Samuels M, Wieteska S; Advanced Life Support Group. Advanced paediatric life support: a practical approach to emergencies. 6th ed. Chichester: Wiley-Blackwell; 2016.



COLUMBIA

#### ZERO POINT SURVEY



- LLNESS
- MEDICATIONS/OTHER DRUGS
- **S** TRESS
- **A** LCOHOL
- **F ATIGUE**
- E ATING/ELIMINATION



Hungry
Angry
Late
Tired
Stressed

Review article: Crisis resource management in emergency medicine

Belinda Carne, 1,2,3 Marcus Kennedy 3,4 and Tim Gray 3,5,6 1Emergency Department, Geelong Hospital, 2School of Medicine, Deakin University, Geelong, 3Adult Retrieval Victoria, Ambulance Victoria, 4Department of Community Emergency Health and Paramedic Practice and 5Central Clinical School, Monash University, and 6Australian Centre for Health Innovation, Alfred Hospital, Melbourne, Victoria, Australia



#### HALTS IM SAFE

# PREPARATION KNOW YOURSELF



# COLUMBIA

#### PREPARATION

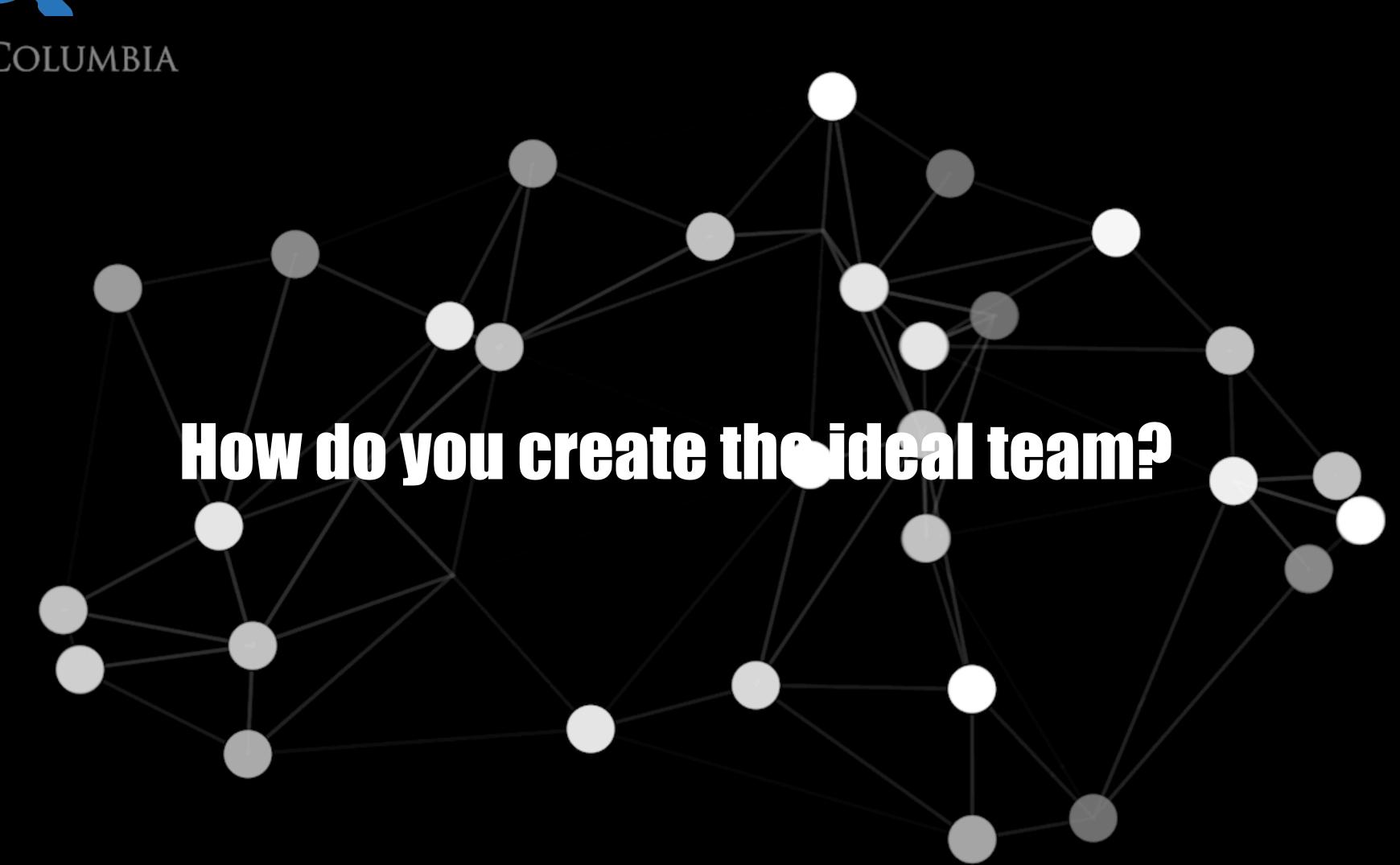
Who would you want on your team?

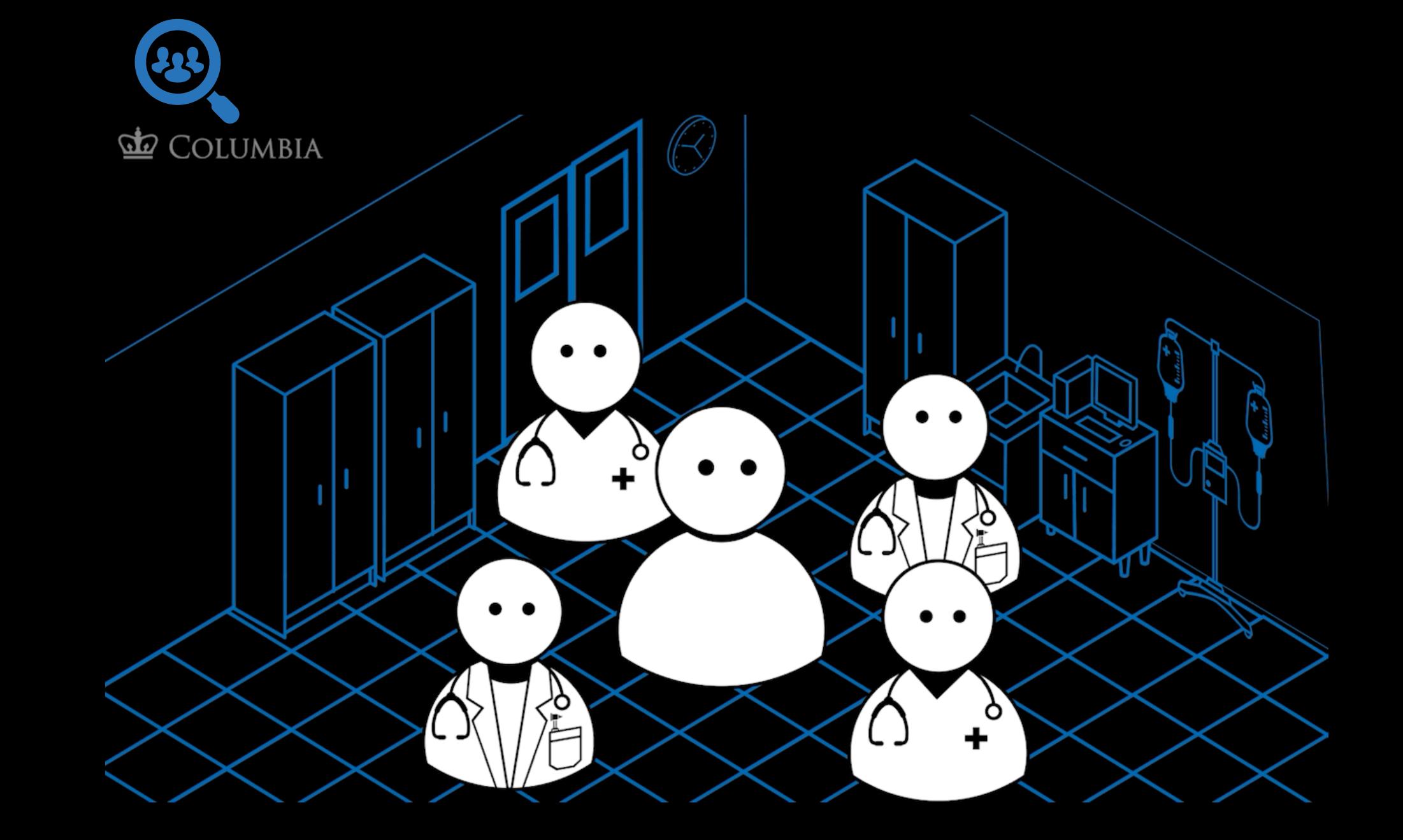




Where's the "1"?









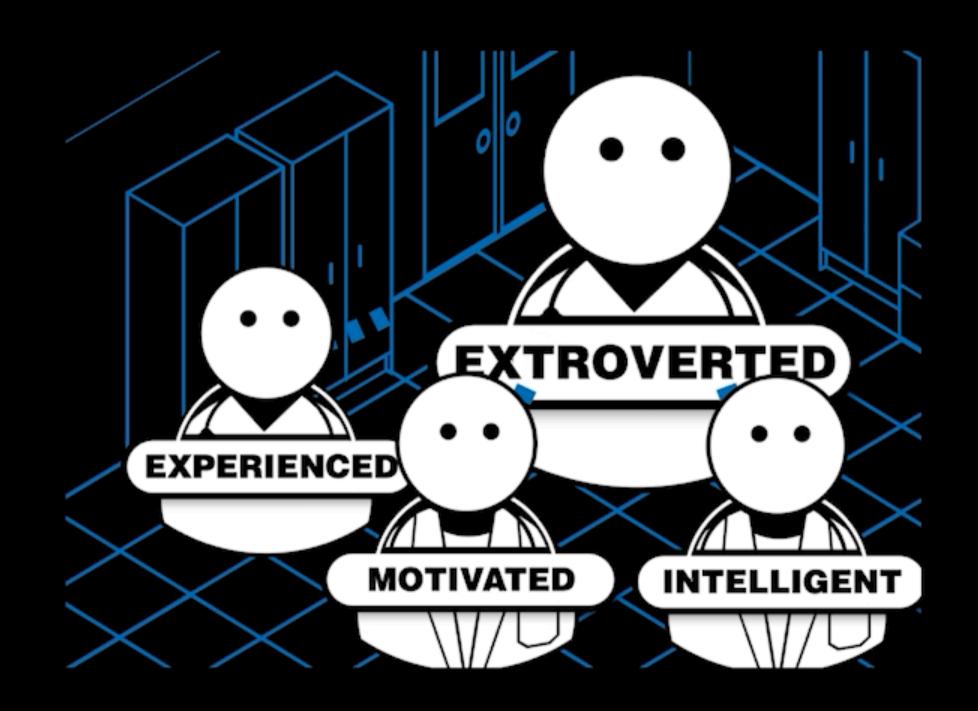
# Google

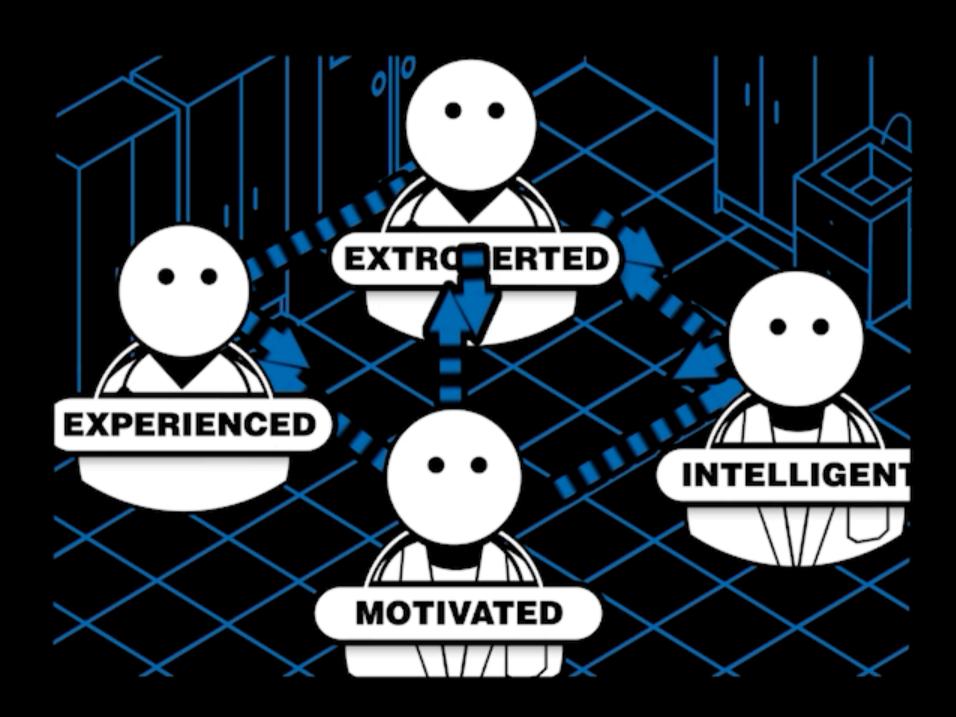


## 



What Makes a Good Team?

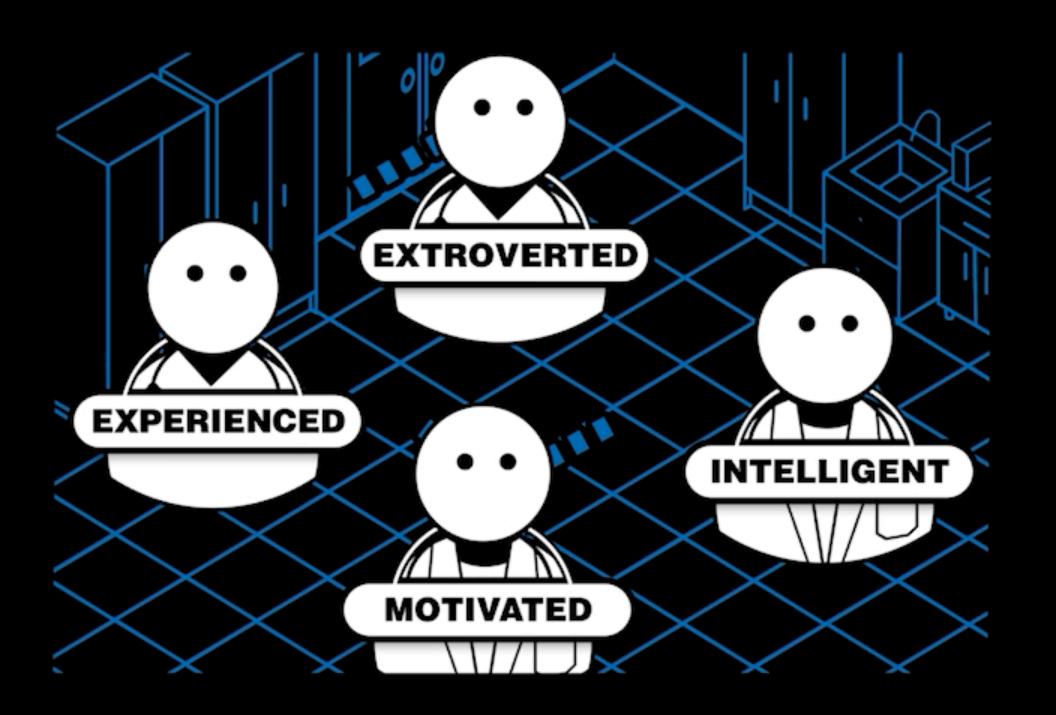


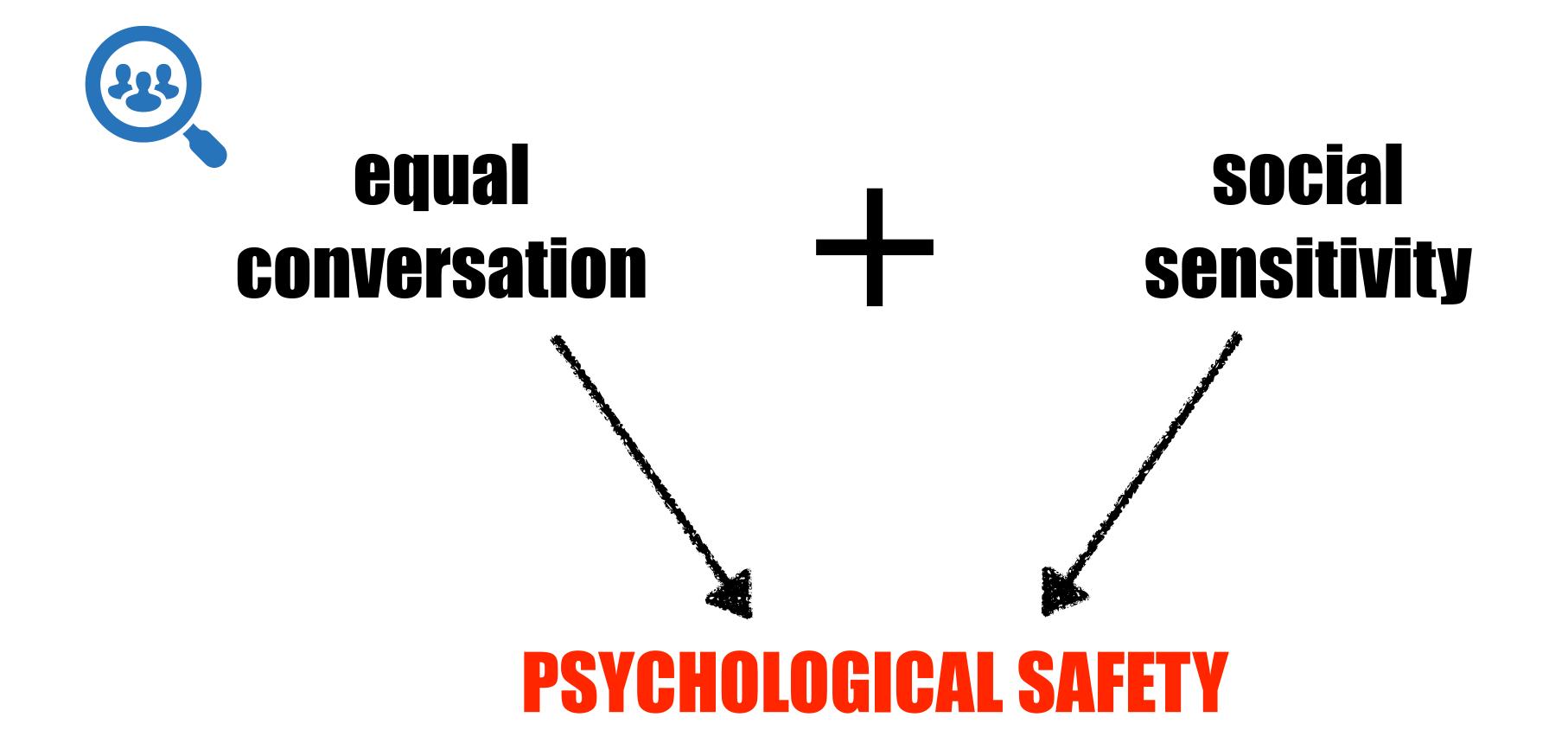




#### COLUMBIA

#### What Makes a Good Team?





"A team climate characterized by interpersonal trust and mutual respect in which people are comfortable being themselves."



High social sensitivity

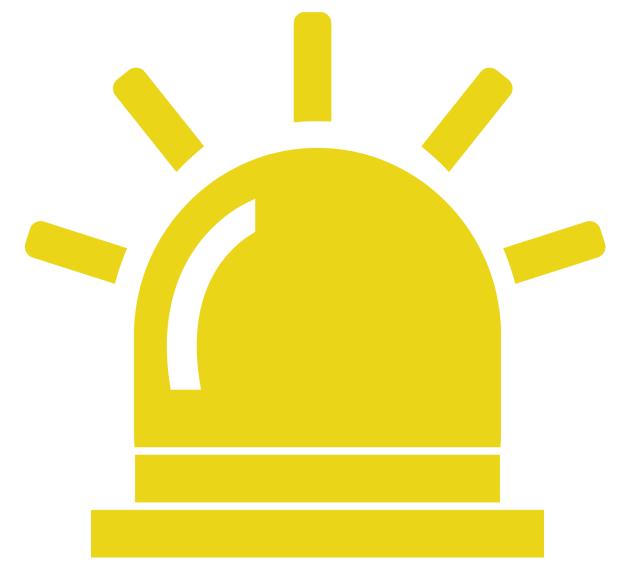
Be curious with direct language

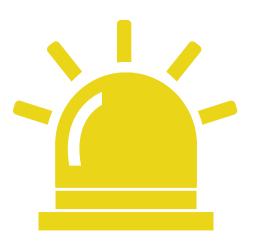


Skills
Weaknesses
Strengths

# COMMUNICATION

When do YOU call for help early to make your team stronger ?





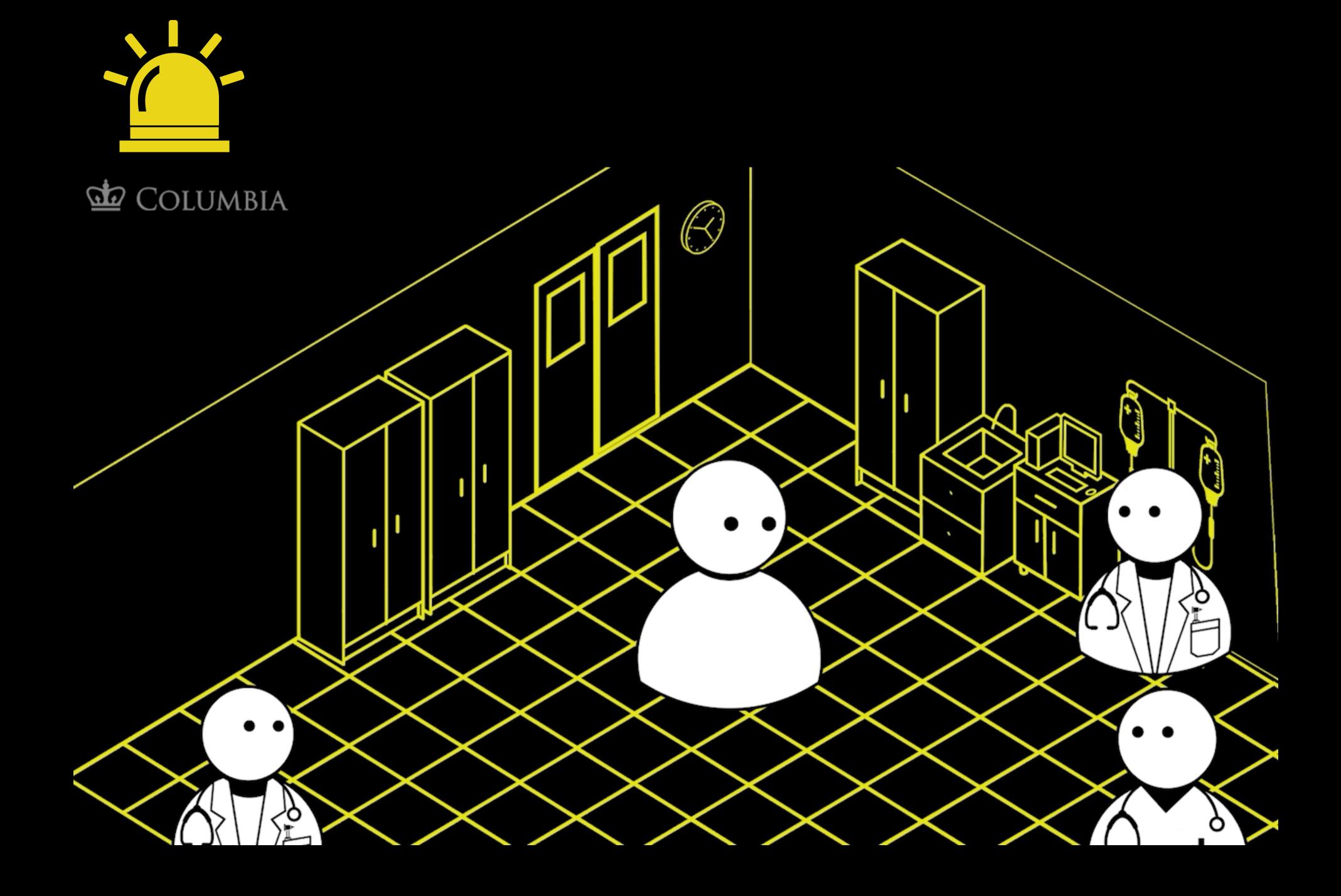
# 

# JR: CRITICISM SR: INCAPABILITY

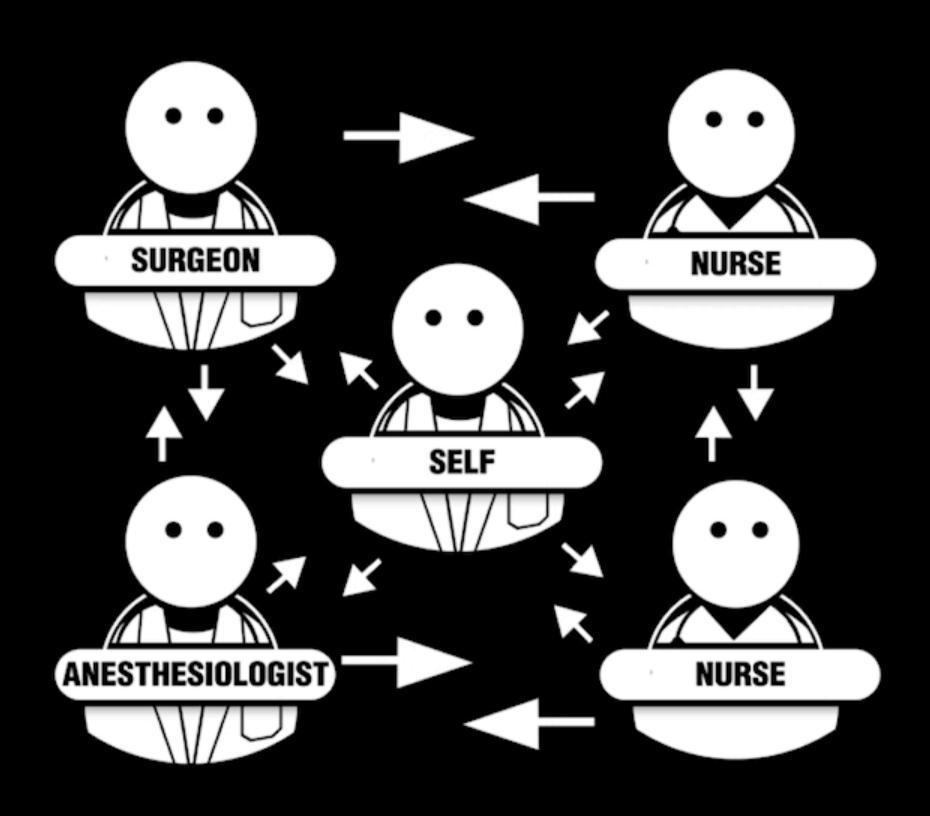
should we have triggers to call for help?

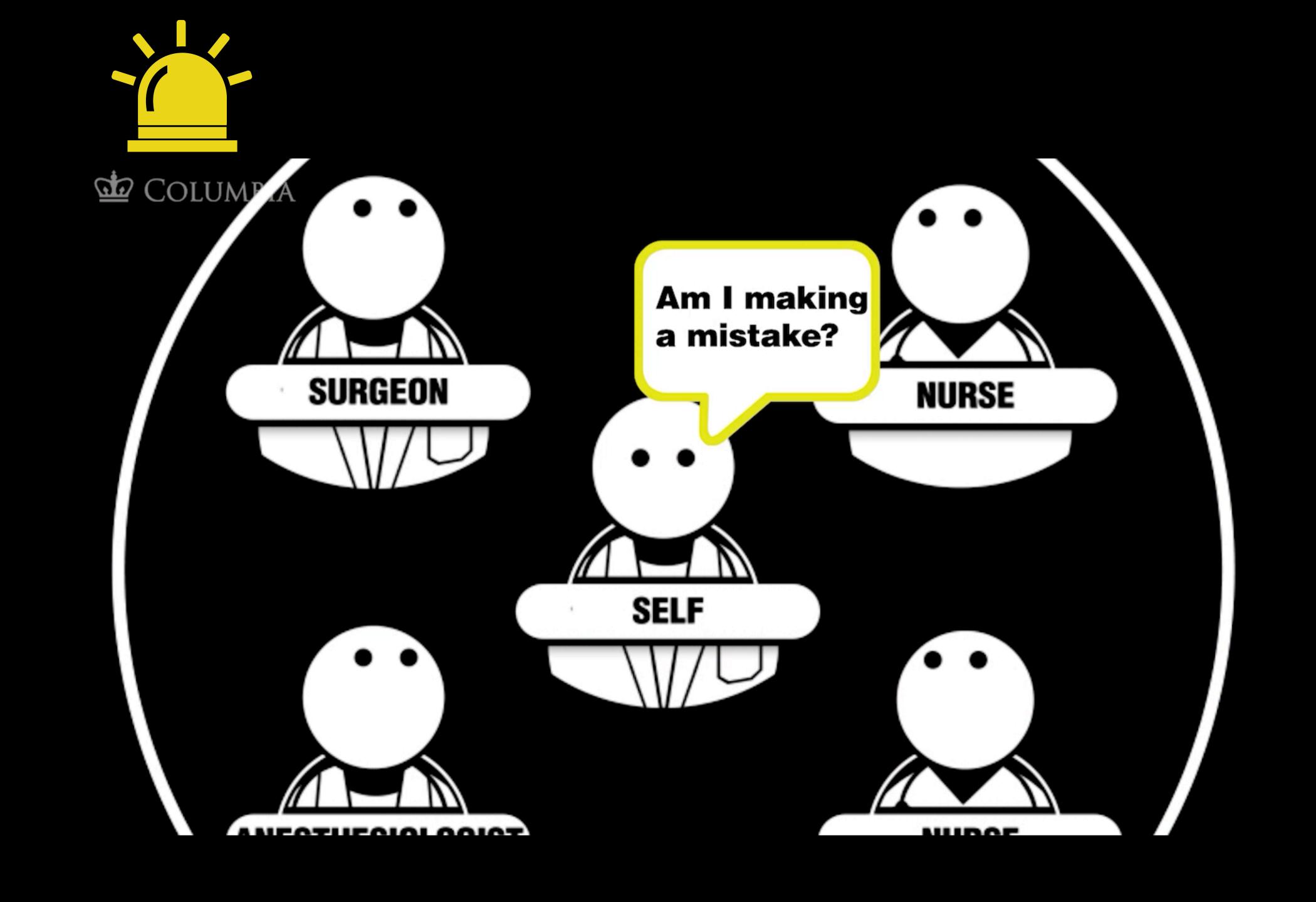
take home message: don't be a hero





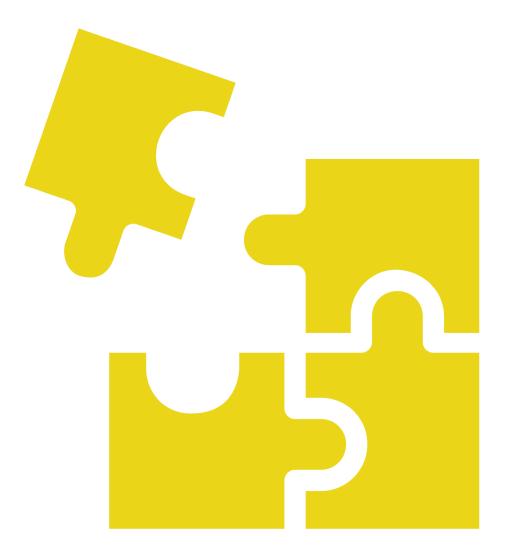


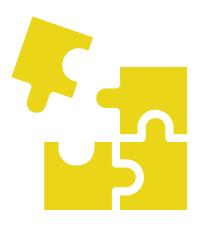




# COMMUNICATION

How do YOU get everyone on the same page?





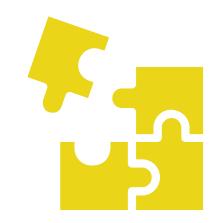
# MENTAL MODEL

### Understanding the situation in front of us, the tasks that need to be done, and the resources available

Brindley PG, Reynolds SF. Improving verbal communication in critical care medicine. Journal of Critical Care (2011) 26, 155–159

Lauria MJ, Ghobrial MK, Hicks CM. Force of habit. Developing situation awareness in critical care transport. Air Medical Journal 38: 45-50, 2019





## OUR BEST INTENTIONS

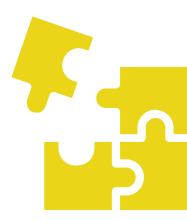


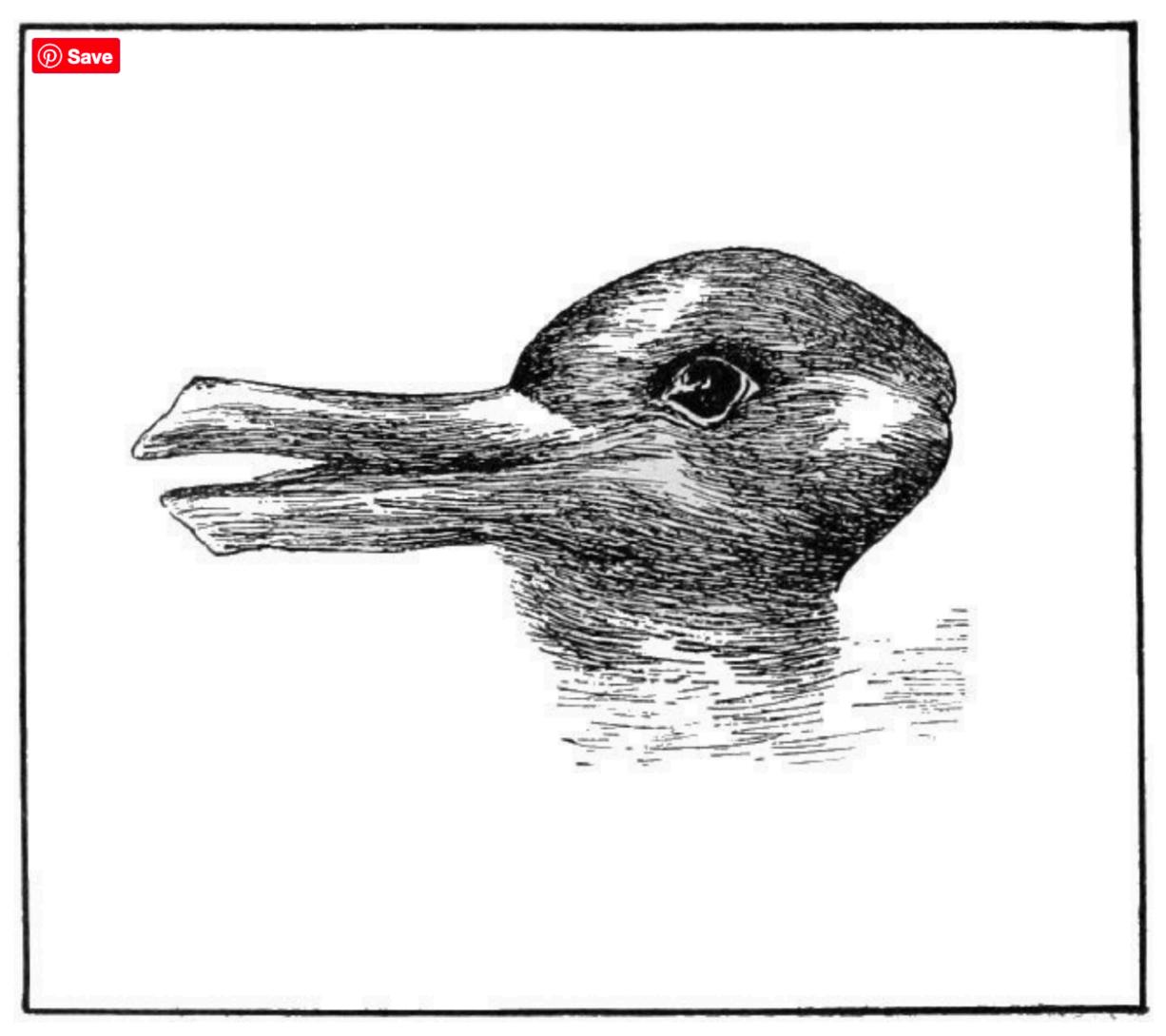


#### Puck

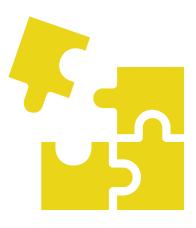


MY WIFE AND MY MOTHER-IN-LAW
They are both in this picture — Find them



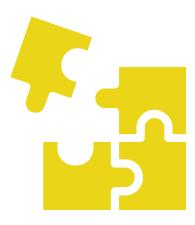


This 'reversible image' first appeared in a German humor magazine. (Photo: Wikimedia Commons)



# Sharing the mental model AKA Are we on the same page?





# MENTAL MODEL

Understanding the situation in front of us, the tasks that need to be done, and the resources available

Lauria MJ, Ghobrial MK, Hicks CM. Force of habit. Developing situation awareness in critical care transport. Air Medical Journal 38: 45-50, 2019



**RESUSCITATE EVERYONE'S VOICE** 

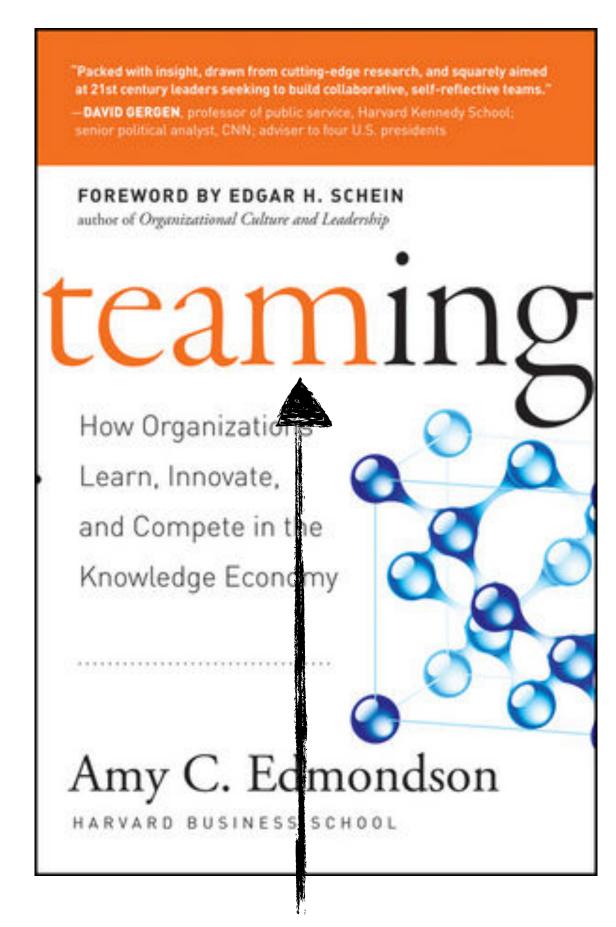
## ASK: WHAT'S GOING ONP ANY THOUGHTSP WHAT ELSEP

## 

How do YOU organize a team of strangers?







"Teaming is teamwork on the fly.
It involves coordination and collaboration without the benefit of stable team structures because many operations like hospitals, ...requires a level of staffing flexibility that makes stable team composition rare."

VERB



### Organize to Team = Organize to Learn

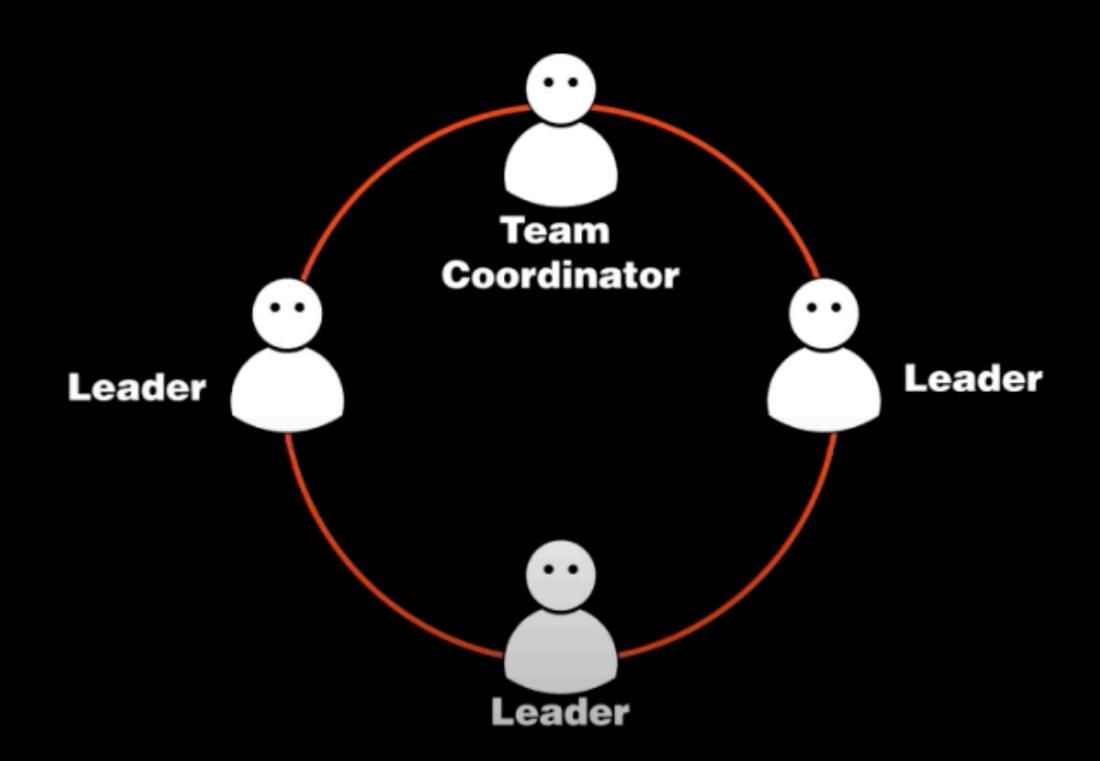
- 1. Ask questions
- 2. Share information
- 3.Seek help
- 4. Experiment with unproven actions
- 5. Talk about mistakes
- 6. Seek feedback



## Leaders and Followers

## Leaders and Leaders









#### **Leadership Allocation**





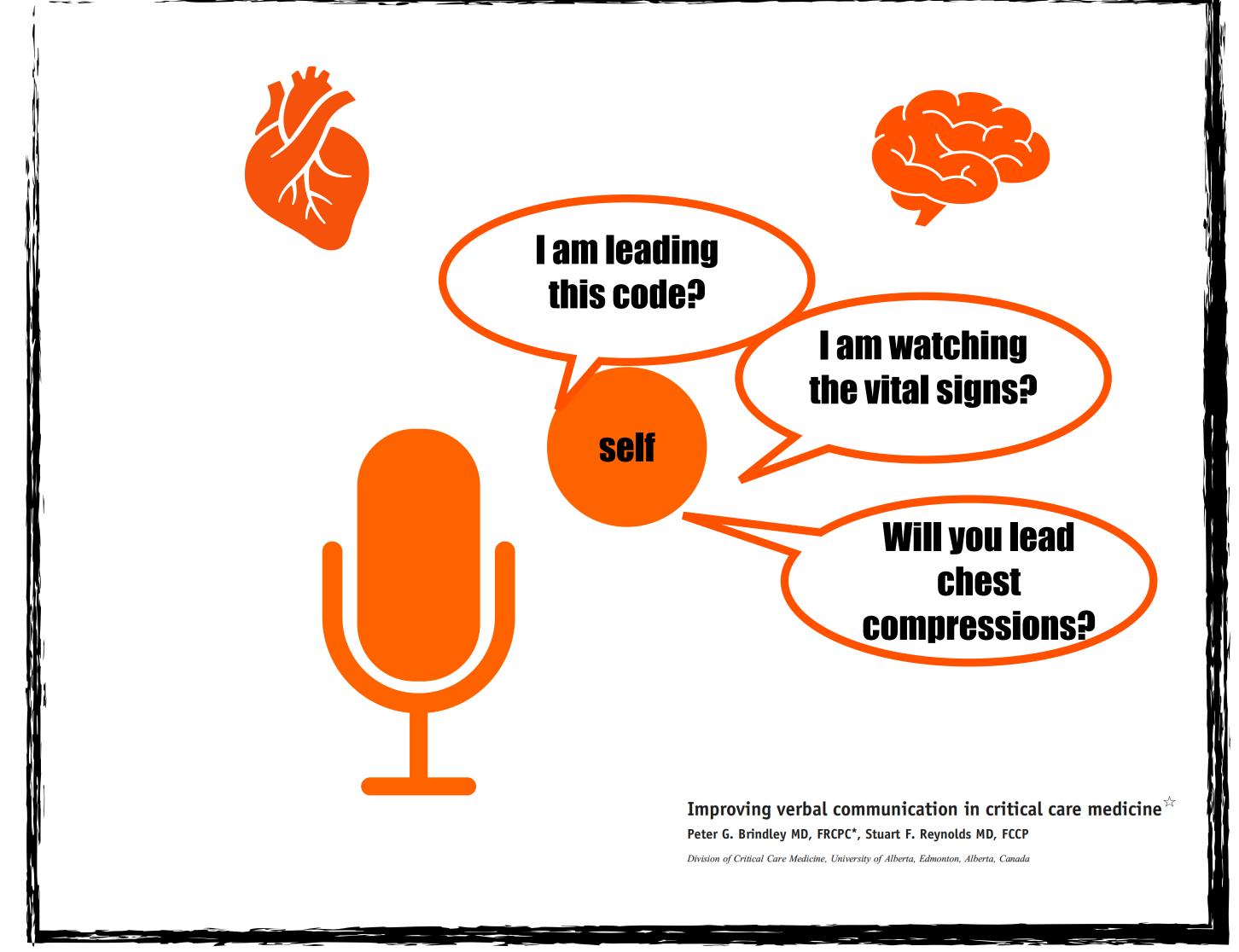








## Crisis





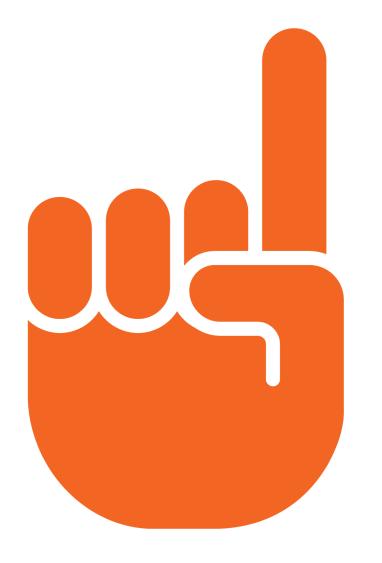




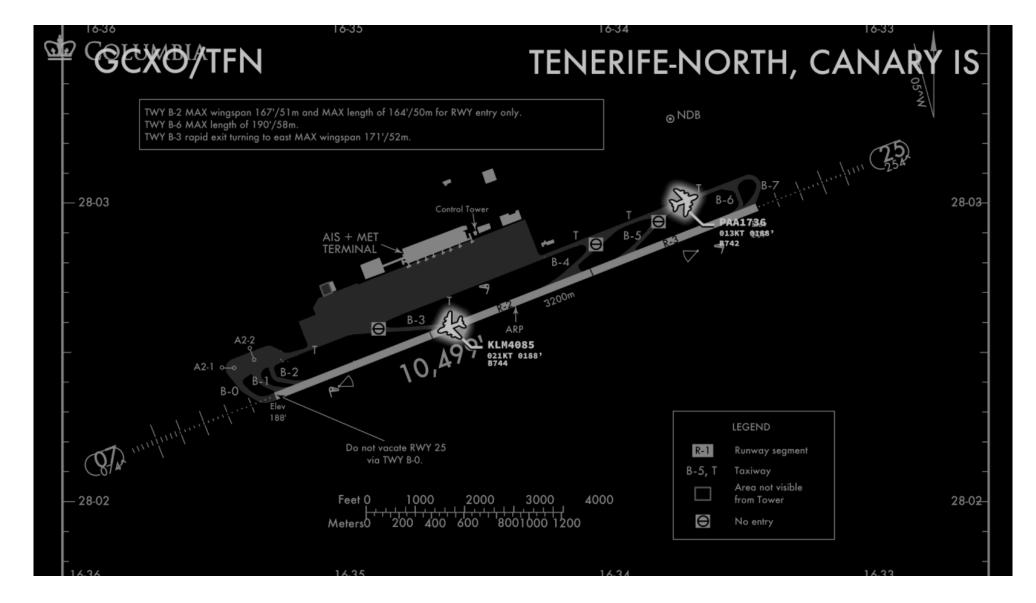


# 

## How do YOU challenge authority?







# 583 deaths

crew didn't challenge captain



# CHALLENGE







CHALLENGE 1

#### **Advocacy:**

"I noticed that you aren't wearing a mask"

Response:

CHALLENGE 2

#### Advocacy:

"Ok, but I am worried about your safety."

Response:



High Advocacy, high inquiry conversations foster:

# 2 WAY COMMUNICATION LEARNING

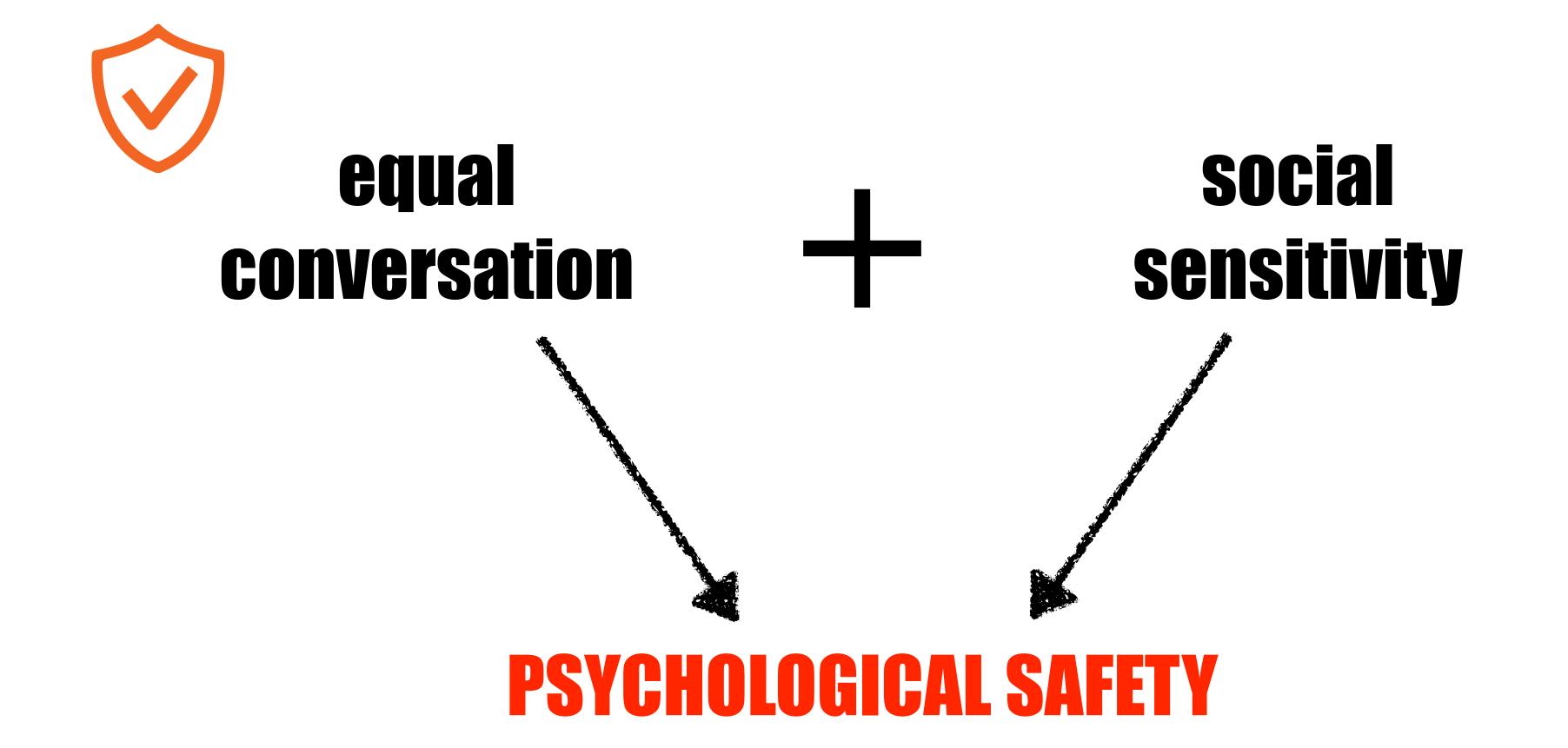


If a team member fails to adequately respond to two or more challenges regarding omissions or questionable actions, the individual is assumed to have lost situational awareness.

## 

How do YOU create psychological safety on the fly?





"A team climate characterized by interpersonal trust and mutual respect in which people are comfortable being themselves."



## PSYCHOLOGICAL SAFETY:

LUIUIU UIAIUUAIUU



### **TRUST**

Giving others the benefit of the doubt when you take a risk.



# **PSYCHOLOGICAL SAFETY TRUST**





On our shared journey into the unknown you have

#### FREEDOM TO:

Fail
Not Know
Play and laugh
Try again
Cry
Be wrong
Not be perfect
Be afraid

Be angry
Disagree
Be prejudiced
Be arrogant
Misunderstand
Not be likable
Be immature
Be intolerant

### As long as you:

- honestly admit your mistakes
- constantly give and take feedback
- forget any privilege or status

#### Directions for use and contraindications:

What if your work was a place where you could show your whole self? Where you could reveal all your mistakes, failing and uncertainties without fearing that they would be held against you. Imagine just who you could become if you did not have to hide. This kind of psychological safety is immensely powerful, but it does not come easily.

Don't believe that you have this freedom because of some poster or some speech from you boss. This ability to be yourself comes from within, when you learn to judge yourself by your own values and not the praise or criticism of others. Creating an environment of psychological safety requires deep internal commitment, and a solid understanding, between all involved, that you'll work through the good and bad.

## HOW TO CREATE PSYCHOLOGICAL SAFETY

BE ACCESSIBLE

INVITE PARTICIPATION

ACKNOWLEDGE LIMITS OF KNOWLEDGE

HOLD PEOPLE ACCOUNTABLE FOR TRANSGRESSIONS

SET BOUNDARIES

HIGHLIGHT FAILURES AS LEARNING OPPORTUNITIES

USE DIRECT LANGUAGE

BE WILLING TO DISPLAY FALLIBILITY

## HOW TO CREATE PSYCHOLOGICAL SAFETY

BE ACCESSIBLE

INVITE PARTICIPATION

ACKNOWLEDGE LIMITS OF KNOWLEDGE

HOLD PEOPLE ACCOUNTABLE FOR TRANSGRESSIONS

SET BOUNDARIES IN A CRISIS
HIGHLIGHT FAILURES AS LEARNING OPPORTUNITIES

USE DIRECT LANGUAGE

BE WILLING TO DISPLAY FALLIBILITY

## HOW TO CREATE PSYCHOLOGICAL SAFETY

BE ACCESSIBLE

"What can I do for you?"

INVITE PARTICIPATION

"Are we missing anything?"

ACKNOWLEDGE LIMITS OF KNOWLEDGE

"This situation is over my head."

HOLD PEOPLE ACCOUNTABLE FOR TRANSGRESSIONS

"Don't speak to her like that It's not ok."

SET BOUNDARIES

"If I miss this intubation, I'll need you to take over."

HIGHLIGHT FAILURES AS LEARNING OPPORTUNITIES

"What can we learn from that near miss?"

**USE DIRECT LANGUAGE** 

"Jessica, please start chest compressions now."

**BEWILLING TO DISPLAY FALLIBILITY** 

"I missed the diagnosis. Let's reset."